

CSIE

無線網路多媒體系統 Wireless Multimedia System

Lecture 6: CDMA & 3G Trend
吳曉光博士

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Agenda

- ♦ Spread Spectrum (Multipath, interferences from other cells)
- ♦ W-CDMA
- ♦ Evolutions of PCS
- ♦ ALL IP Challenges
 - Mobile IP/Cellular IP
 - QoS Provisions: Integrated Service / DiffServ
- ♦ Next Week (Mobile IP)



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Reading

- ♦ [Kohno95] Ryuji Kohno, Reuven Meidan, and Laurence B. Milstein Spread Spectrum Access Methods for Wireless Communications, IEEE Communication Magazine, 1995
- ♦ [Dahlman98] Erick Dahlman, Bjorn Gudmundson, Mat Nilsson and Johan Skold, UMTS/IMT-2000 Based on Wideband CDMA, IEEE Communication Magazine 1998
- ♦ [Ojanpera98] T. Ojanpera, R. Prasad, "An Overview of Third-Generation Wireless Personal Communications: An European Perspective, IEEE Personal Communication Magazine 1998

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Code Division, Spread Spectrum



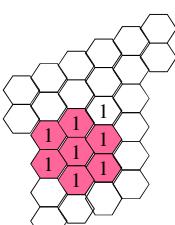
What is Going to Happen
in CDMA?

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Direct Sequence Cellular



Idealized grid of Hexagonal cells

- ♦ DS spread spectrum signals are generated by linear modulation with wideband PN sequences which are assigned to individual users
- ♦ Universal Frequency Reuse: One-cell frequency reuse pattern
- ♦ Introduction of a new cell will be less restricted than in the case of either FDMA or TDMA
- ♦ (FDD) Frequency Division Duplex Operation: One frequency band is used for the base-to-mobile (forward or down link), one frequency band is used for the mobile-to-base link (the reverse link or uplink)

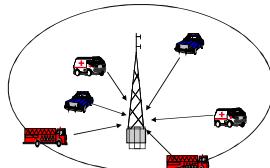
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Power Control (Reverse Link)

- ♦ Reverse Link: asynchronous, asynchronous CDMA system is vulnerable to the "near-far" problem
- ♦ Power Control: minimize consumption of the transmitted power, fast enough to compensate for Rayleigh fading
- ♦ Capacity is bounded by number of users (MAI Multiple Access interferences)



Everybody has a Code (PN), asynchronous

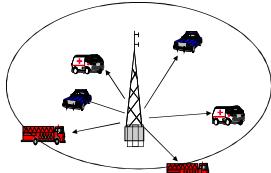


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Power Control (Forward Link)

- ♦ Forward Link: the users can be orthogonalized, (however, the orthogonalization is not preserved between different paths of the multipath propagation, nor is it preserved between the forward links of different cells)
- ♦ Power Control: Since the cell's signals can be received at the mobile with equal power, the forward link does not suffer from near-far problem
- ♦ Cell boundary



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Cellular Capacity

- ♦ Capacity of the reverse link (typically asynchronous link)

$$(\frac{E_b}{\eta_0})_{\text{eff}} = \frac{1}{\frac{\eta_0}{E_b} + \frac{2}{3G}(M-1)(1+K)\alpha}$$



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Radio Resource Management

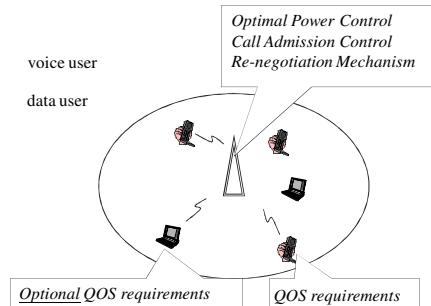
- ♦ Power as the common resource makes W-CDMA very flexible
 - Link improvement, less power, more capacity
- ♦ Orthogonal variable spreading factor (OVSF) for variable bit rate



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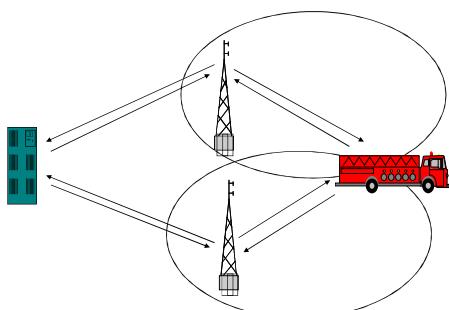
Call Admission Control



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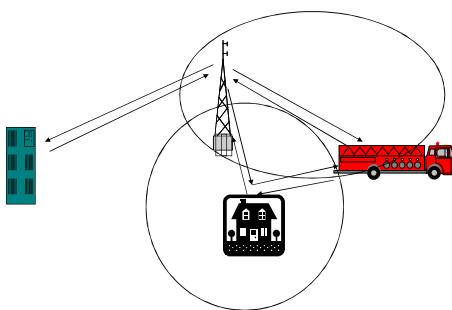
Soft Handovers (Macro Diversity)



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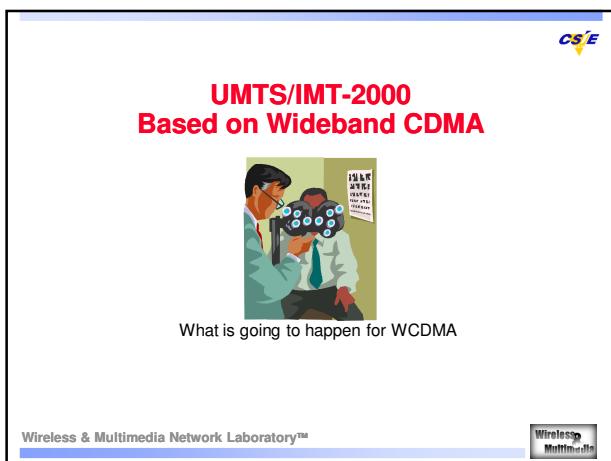
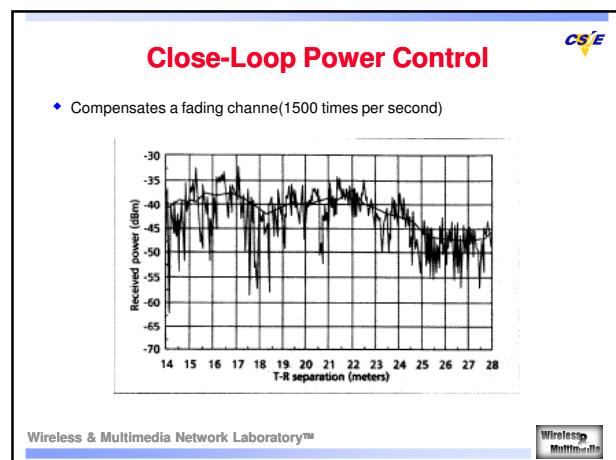
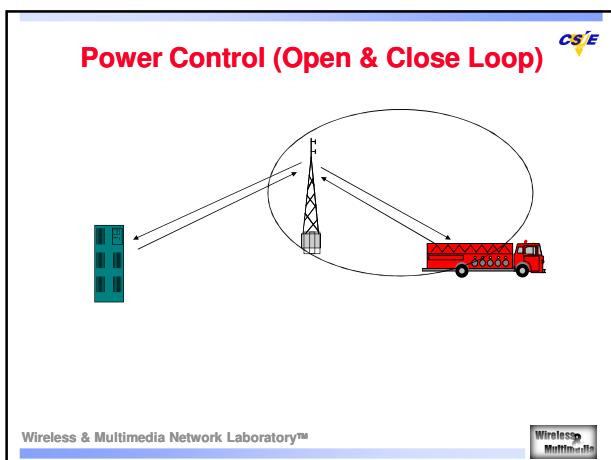
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Softer Handovers (Space Diversity)

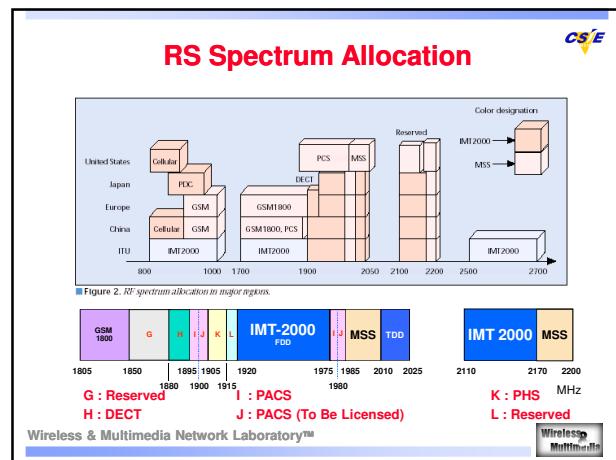
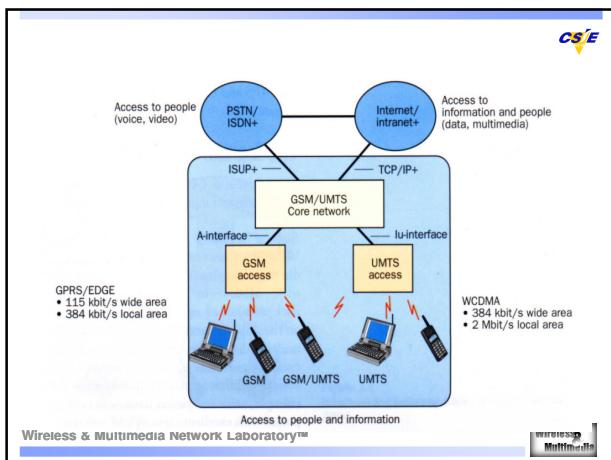


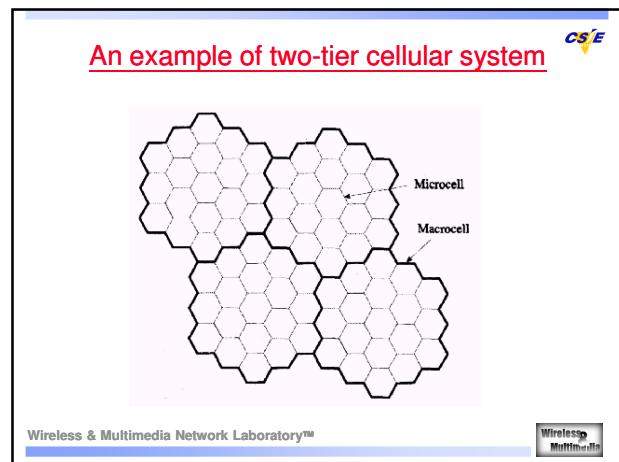
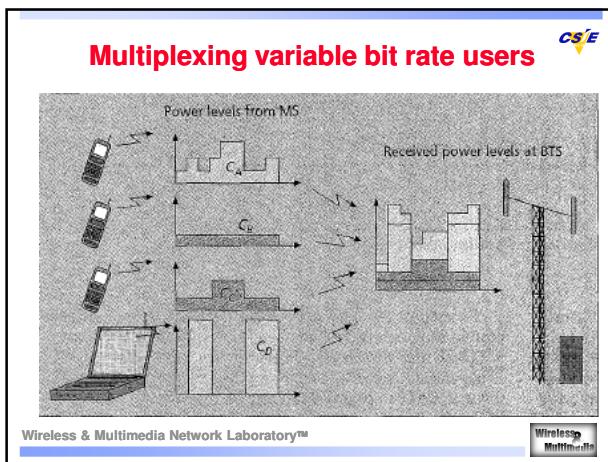
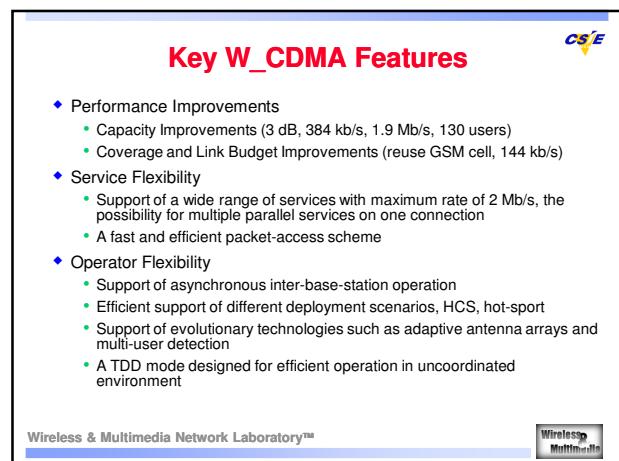
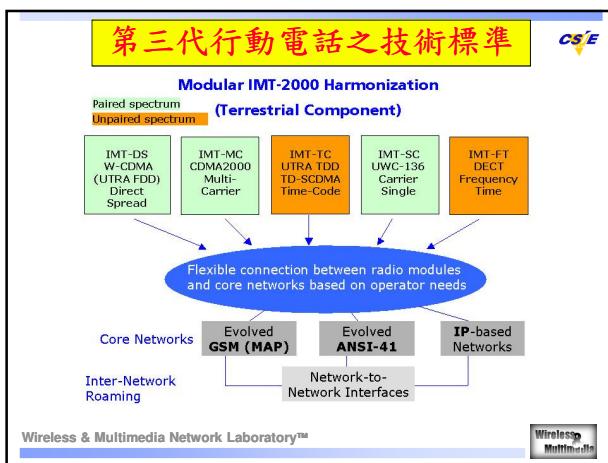
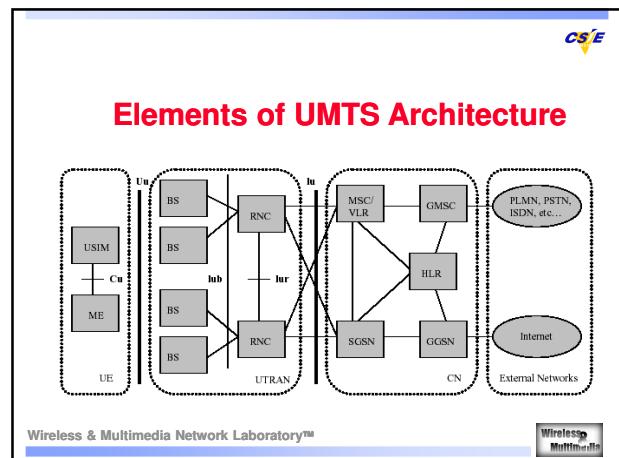
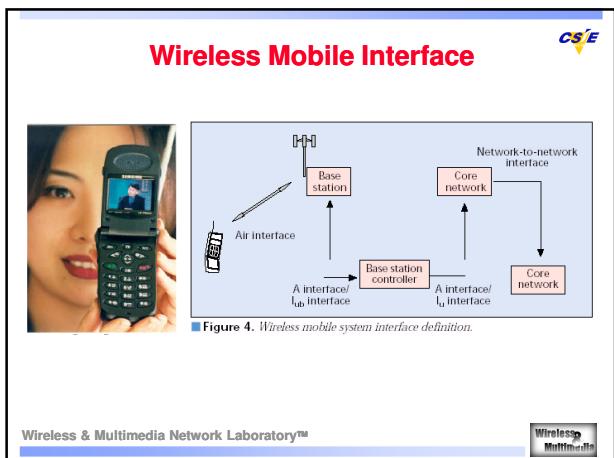
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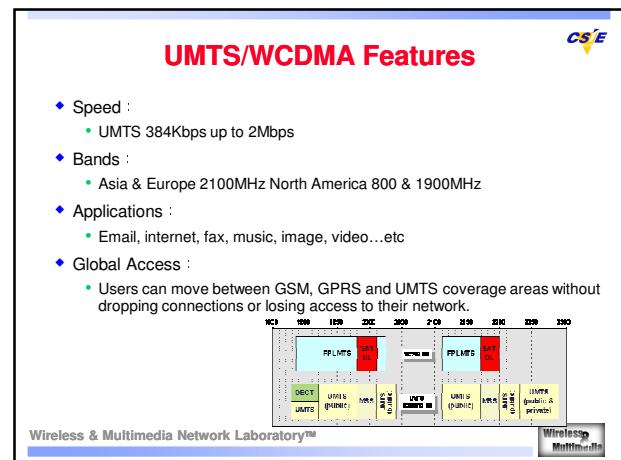
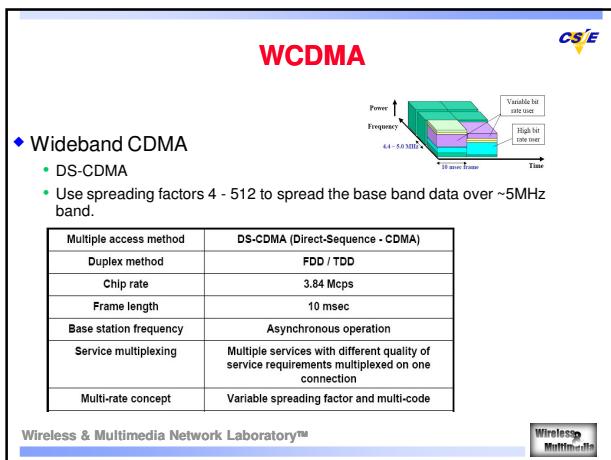
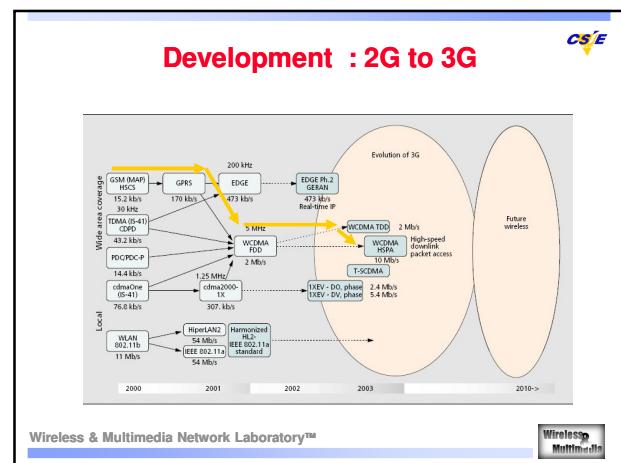
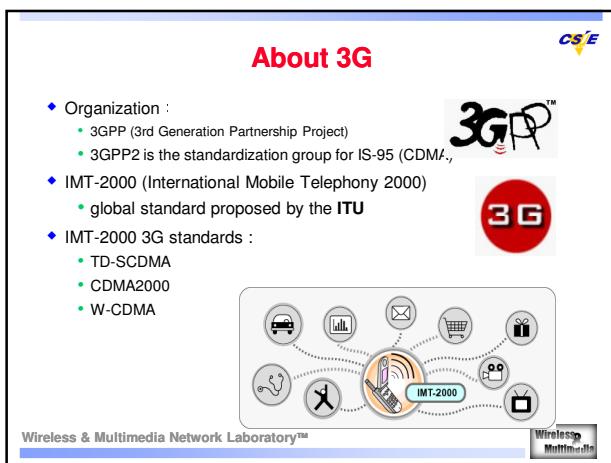
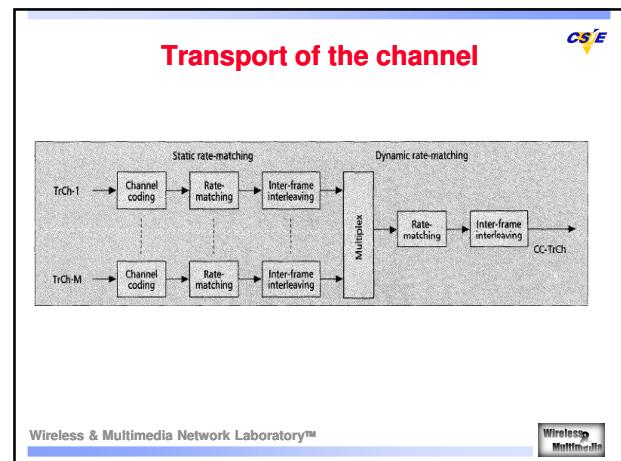
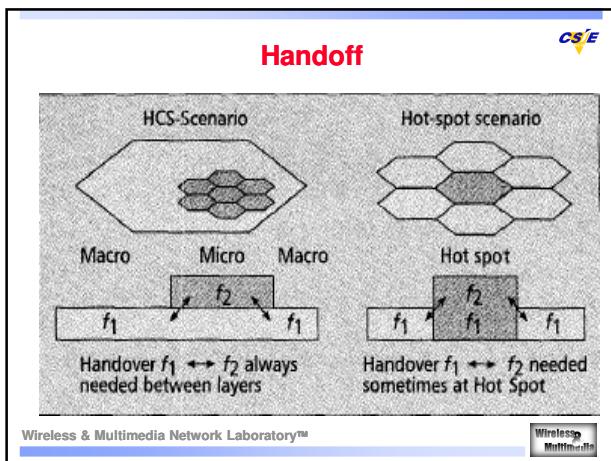
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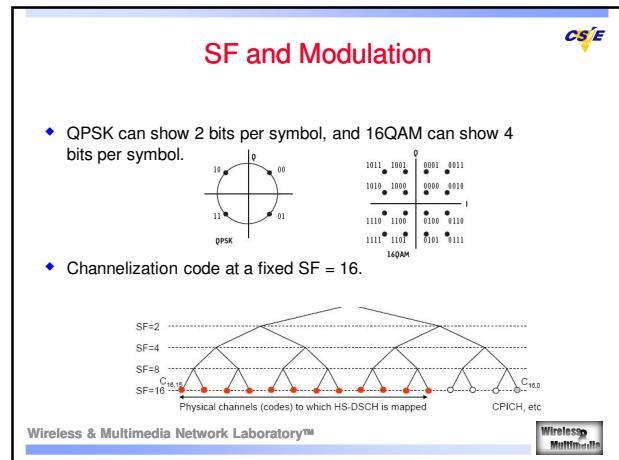
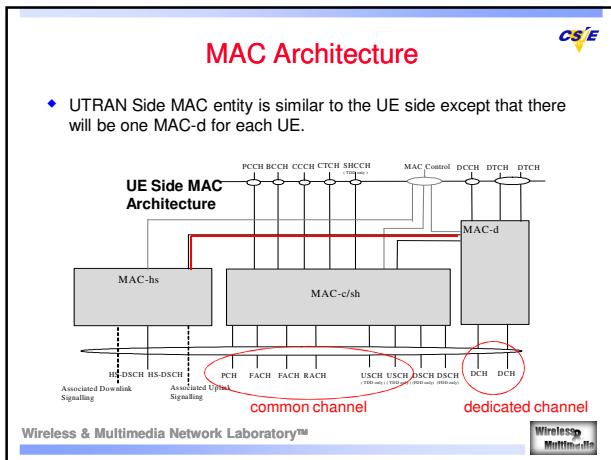
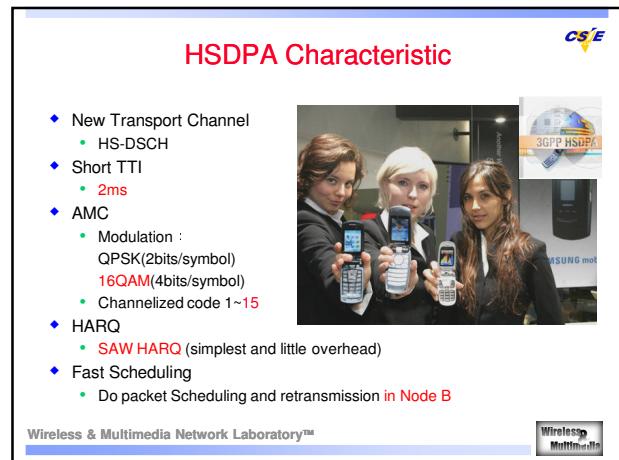
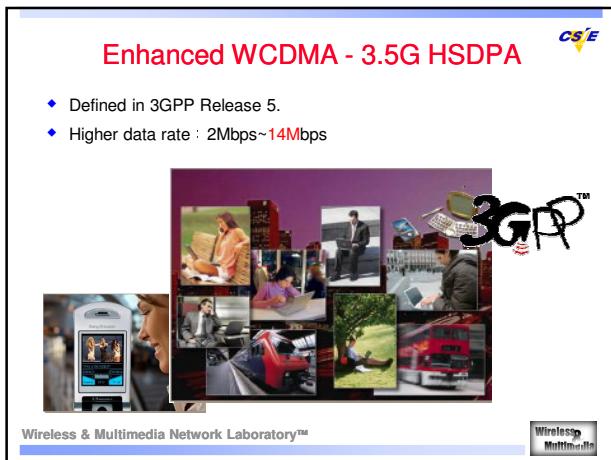
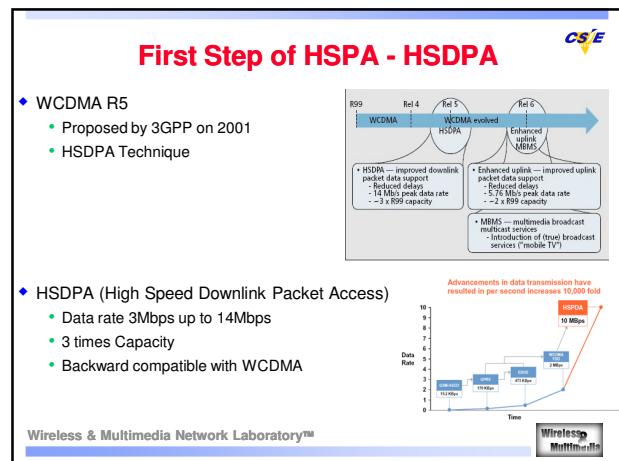
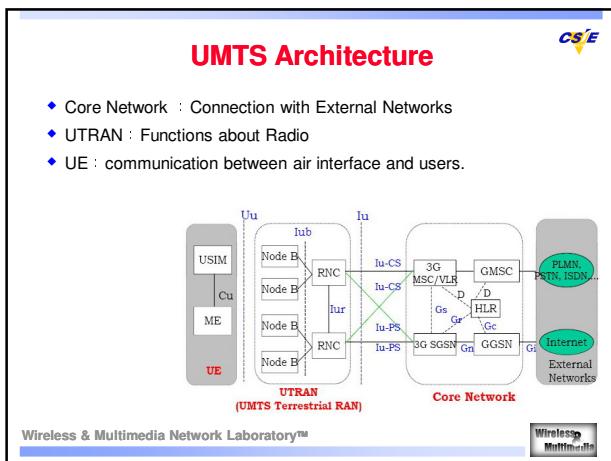


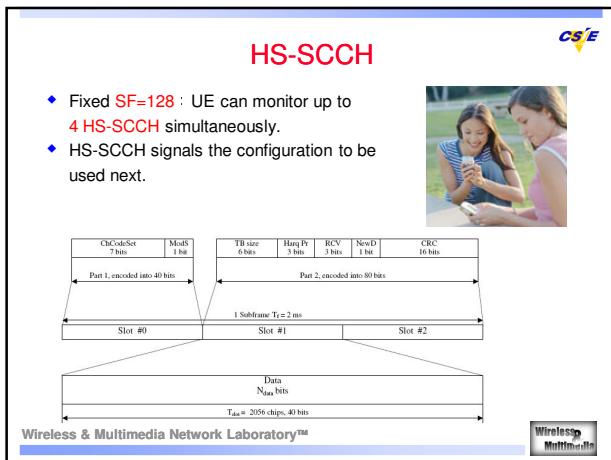
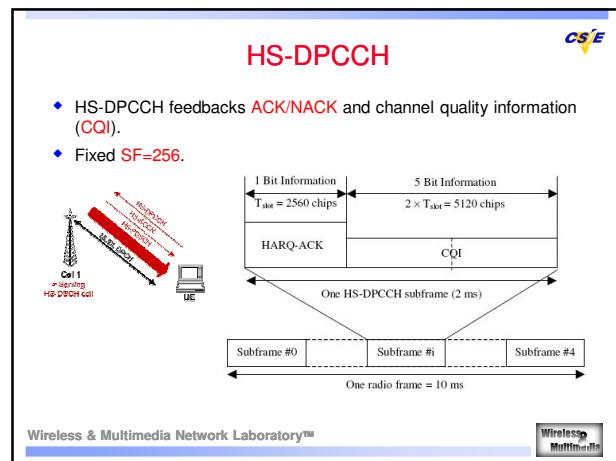
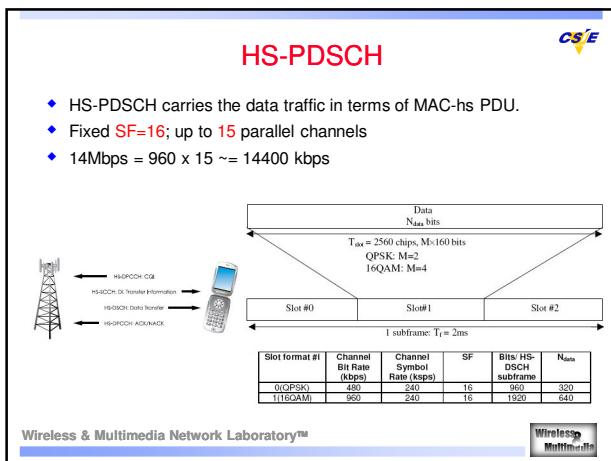
- ## Application Support in UMTS
- UMTS (Universal Mobile Telecommunication System)
 - UTRA (UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access)
 - Support:
 - 384 kb/s for wide-area coverage
 - 2 Mb/s for local coverage
 - Multimedia Applications Requirements
 - Packet-oriented
 - Variable bit rate
 - Network resources can be available on a shared basis
 - E_b/N_0
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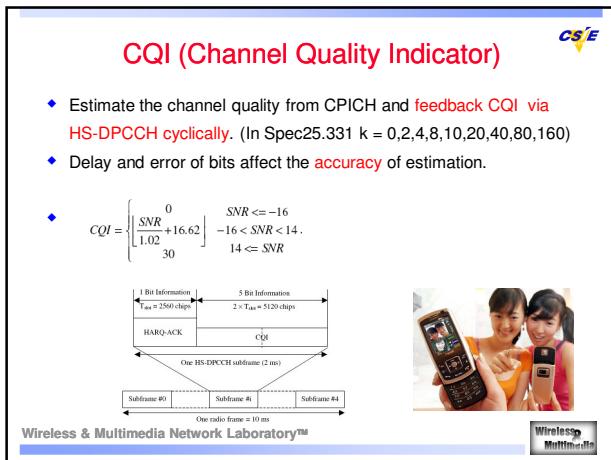
DCH, DSCH and HS-DSCH

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| Feature | DCH | DSCH | HS-DSCH |
|----------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------|
| Variable SF | Yes (4 ~ 512) | Yes (4 ~ 256) | No (16) |
| Fast power control | Yes | Yes | No |
| Modulation | QPSK | QPSK | Adaptive using QPSK ,16QAM |
| HARQ | No | No | Yes |
| TTI | 10 to 80 ms | 10 or 20 ms | 2 ms |
| Multi-Code operation | Yes (up to 6) | Yes (up to 6) | Yes (extended to 15) |
| Mac Processing | RNC | RNC | Node B |

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UE Category

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- Classify the UE category base on the capability of UE.

| Category | Codes | Inter-TTI | TB Size | Total # of Soft Bits | Modulation | Data Rate |
|----------|-------|-----------|---------|----------------------|------------|-----------|
| 1 | 5 | 3 | 7300 | 19200 | QPSK/16QAM | 1.2 Mbps |
| 2 | 5 | 3 | 7300 | 28800 | QPSK/16QAM | 1.2 Mbps |
| 3 | 5 | 2 | 7300 | 28800 | QPSK/16QAM | 1.8 Mbps |
| 4 | 5 | 2 | 7300 | 38400 | QPSK/16QAM | 1.8 Mbps |
| 5 | 5 | 1 | 7300 | 57600 | QPSK/16QAM | 3.6 Mbps |
| 6 | 5 | 1 | 7300 | 67200 | QPSK/16QAM | 3.6 Mbps |
| 7 | 10 | 1 | 14600 | 115200 | QPSK/16QAM | 7.2 Mbps |
| 8 | 10 | 1 | 14600 | 134400 | QPSK/16QAM | 7.2 Mbps |
| 9 | 15 | 1 | 20432 | 172800 | QPSK/16QAM | 10.2 Mbps |
| 10 | 15 | 1 | 28776 | 172800 | QPSK/16QAM | 14.4 Mbps |
| 11 | 5 | 2 | 3650 | 14400 | QPSK only | 0.9 Mbps |
| 12 | 5 | 1 | 3650 | 14400 | QPSK only | 1.8 Mbps |

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UE Category 1~6 CQI table

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| CQI value | Transport Block Size | Number of HS-PDSCH | Modulation | Reference power adjustment A | Hr | Xn |
|--------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------|------------------------------|------|-----|
| Out of range | | | | | | |
| 0.. | N/A. | 1.. | QPSK. | 0.. | 9600 | 0.. |
| 1.. | 137.. | 1.. | QPSK. | 0.. | | |
| 2.. | 173.. | 1.. | QPSK. | 0.. | | |
| 3.. | 233.. | 1.. | QPSK. | 0.. | | |
| 4.. | 317.. | 1.. | QPSK. | 0.. | | |
| 5.. | 377.. | 1.. | QPSK. | 0.. | | |
| 6.. | 461.. | 1.. | QPSK. | 0.. | | |
| 7.. | 650.. | 2.. | QPSK. | 0.. | | |
| 8.. | 792.. | 2.. | QPSK. | 0.. | | |
| 9.. | 931.. | 2.. | QPSK. | 0.. | | |
| 10.. | 1262.. | 3.. | QPSK. | 0.. | | |
| 11.. | 1483.. | 3.. | QPSK. | 0.. | | |
| 12.. | 1742.. | 3.. | QPSK. | 0.. | | |
| 20.. | 5887.. | 5.. | 16-QAM | 0.. | | |
| 21.. | 6554.. | 5.. | 16-QAM | 0.. | | |
| 22.. | 7168.. | 5.. | 16-QAM | 0.. | | |
| 23.. | 7168.. | 5.. | 16-QAM | -1.. | | |
| 24.. | 7168.. | 5.. | 16-QAM | -2.. | | |
| 25.. | 7168.. | 5.. | 16-QAM | -3.. | | |
| 26.. | 7168.. | 5.. | 16-QAM | -4.. | | |
| 27.. | 7168.. | 5.. | 16-QAM | -5.. | | |
| 28.. | 7168.. | 5.. | 16-QAM | -6.. | | |
| 29.. | 7168.. | 5.. | 16-QAM | -7.. | | |
| 30.. | 7168.. | 5.. | 16-QAM | -8.. | | |

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